## Maryland Justice Reinvestment Act of 2016 Senate Bill 1005 Penalties Reduced for Simple Possession of Drugs

## 1 5–601.

- 2 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this title, a person may not:
- 3 (1) possess or administer to another a controlled dangerous substance, 4 unless obtained directly or by prescription or order from an authorized provider acting in 5 the course of professional practice; or
- 6 (2) obtain or attempt to obtain a controlled dangerous substance, or 7 procure or attempt to procure the administration of a controlled dangerous substance by:
- 8 (i) fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, or subterfuge;
- 9 (ii) the counterfeiting or alteration of a prescription or a written 10 order;
- 11 (iii) the concealment of a material fact;
- 12 (iv) the use of a false name or address;
- 13 (v) falsely assuming the title of or representing to be a 14 manufacturer, distributor, or authorized provider; or
- 15 (vi) making, issuing, or presenting a false or counterfeit prescription 16 or written order.
- 17 (b) Information that is communicated to a physician in an effort to obtain a 18 controlled dangerous substance in violation of this section is not a privileged 19 communication.
- 20 (c) [(1)] Except as provided in [paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) of this subsection]
  21 SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION, a person who violates this section is guilty of a
  22 misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to [imprisonment not exceeding 4 years or a fine
  23 not exceeding \$25,000 or both]:
- 24 (1) FOR A FIRST CONVICTION, IMPRISONMENT NOT EXCEEDING 1 25 YEAR OR A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$25,000 OR BOTH;
- 26 (2) FOR A SECOND OR THIRD CONVICTION, IMPRISONMENT NOT 27 EXCEEDING 18 MONTHS OR A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$25,000 OR BOTH; AND
- 28 (3) FOR A FOURTH OR SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION, IMPRISONMENT 29 NOT EXCEEDING 2 YEARS OR A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$25,000 OR BOTH.

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- [(2) (i)] (D) Except as provided in [subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph] § 5-601.1 OF THIS ARTICLE, a person whose violation of this section involves the use or possession of marijuana IS GUILTY OF A MISDEMEANOR AND is subject to [imprisonment not exceeding 1 year 6 MONTHS] or a fine not exceeding \$1,000 or both.];
  - (1) FOR A FIRST CONVICTION, IMPRISONMENT NOT EXCEEDING 6
    MONTHS OR A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$1,000 OR BOTH; AND
  - (2) FOR A SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION, IMPRISONMENT NOT EXCEEDING 1 YEAR OR A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$1,000 OR BOTH.
- 9 **[**(ii) 1. A first violation of this section involving the use or 10 possession of less than 10 grams of marijuana is a civil offense punishable by a fine not 11 exceeding \$100.
- 2. A second violation of this section involving the use or possession of less than 10 grams of marijuana is a civil offense punishable by a fine not exceeding \$250.
- 15 3. A third or subsequent violation of this section involving 16 the use or possession of less than 10 grams of marijuana is a civil offense punishable by a 17 fine not exceeding \$500.
- 4. A. In addition to a fine, a court shall order a person under the age of 21 years who commits a violation punishable under subsubparagraph 1, 2, or 3 of this subparagraph to attend a drug education program approved by the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene, refer the person to an assessment for substance abuse disorder, and refer the person to substance abuse treatment, if necessary.
- B. In addition to a fine, a court shall order a person at least 21 years old who commits a violation punishable under subsubparagraph 3 of this subparagraph to attend a drug education program approved by the Department of Health 26 and Mental Hygiene, refer the person to an assessment for substance abuse disorder, and 27 refer the person to substance abuse treatment, if necessary.]
- 28 [(3) (i) 1.] (E) (1) (I) In this [paragraph] SUBSECTION the following words have the meanings indicated.
- 30 **[2.] (II)** "Bona fide physician—patient relationship" means a relationship in which the physician has ongoing responsibility for the assessment, care, and treatment of a patient's medical condition.
- [3.] (III) "Caregiver" means an individual designated by a patient with a debilitating medical condition to provide physical or medical assistance to the patient, including assisting with the medical use of marijuana, who:

1		[A.] 1.	is a resident of the State;
2		[B.] <b>2.</b>	is at least 21 years old;
3 4	domestic partner of the pa	[C.] <b>3.</b> atient;	is an immediate family member, a spouse, or a
5 6	defined in § 14–101 of thi	[D.] <b>4.</b> s article;	has not been convicted of a crime of violence as
7 8	federal controlled danger	[E.] <b>5.</b> ous substanc	has not been convicted of a violation of a State or ees law;
9		[F.] <b>6.</b>	has not been convicted of a crime of moral turpitude;
10 11	writing that has been pla	[G.] <b>7.</b> ced in the pa	has been designated as caregiver by the patient in atient's medical record prior to arrest;
12 13	serve as caregiver; and	[H.] 8.	is the only individual designated by the patient to
14		[I.] <b>9.</b>	is not serving as caregiver for any other patient.
15 16 17 18	disease or medical condit	ion that pro	"Debilitating medical condition" means a chronic or ition or the treatment of a chronic or debilitating duces one or more of the following, as documented by as a bona fide physician—patient relationship:
19		[A.] 1.	cachexia or wasting syndrome;
20		[B.] <b>2.</b>	severe or chronic pain;
21		[C.] <b>3.</b>	severe nausea;
22		[D.] 4.	seizures;
23		[E.] <b>5.</b>	severe and persistent muscle spasms; or
$\frac{24}{25}$	conventional medicine.	[F.] <b>6.</b> any	other condition that is severe and resistant to
26 27 28	[(ii) marijuana, the defendant any evidence of medical n		(I) In a prosecution for the use or possession of ace and the court shall consider as a mitigating factor

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1 2 3	[2.] (II) Notwithstanding [paragraph (2) of this subsection] SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION, if the court finds that the person used or possessed marijuana because of medical necessity, the court shall dismiss the charge.		
4 5 6	[(iii) 1.] (3) (I) In a prosecution for the use or possession of marijuana under this section, it is an affirmative defense that the defendant used or possessed marijuana because:		
7 8 9	[A.] 1. the defendant has a debilitating medical condition that has been diagnosed by a physician with whom the defendant has a bona fide physician—patient relationship;		
10 11	[B.] 2. the debilitating medical condition is severe and resistant to conventional medicine; and		
12 13	[C.] 3. marijuana is likely to provide the defendant with therapeutic or palliative relief from the debilitating medical condition.		
14 15 16 17	[2. A.] (II) 1. In a prosecution for the possession of marijuana under this section, it is an affirmative defense that the defendant possesses marijuana because the marijuana was intended for medical use by an individual with debilitating medical condition for whom the defendant is a caregiver.		
18 19 20 21 22	[B.] 2. A defendant may not assert the affirmative defense under this [subsubparagraph] SUBPARAGRAPH unless the defendant notifies the State's Attorney of the defendant's intention to assert the affirmative defense and provides the State's Attorney with all documentation in support of the affirmative defense in accordance with the rules of discovery provided in Maryland Rules 4–262 and 4–263.		
23 24	[3.] (III) An affirmative defense under this [subparagraph] PARAGRAPH may not be used if the defendant was:		
25 26 27	[A.] 1. using marijuana in a public place or assisting the individual for whom the defendant is a caregiver in using the marijuana in a public place; or		
28	[B.] 2. in possession of more than 1 ounce of marijuana.		
29 30	[(4) A violation of this section involving the smoking of marijuana in a public place is a civil offense punishable by a fine not exceeding \$500.		

33 (1) operating a vehicle or vessel while under the influence of or while 34 impaired by a controlled dangerous substance; or

marijuana a civil offense may not be construed to affect the laws relating to:

The provisions of subsection (c)(2)(ii) of this section making the possession of

1 (2) seizure and forfeiture.]

- 2 **(1)** BEFORE IMPOSING A SENTENCE UNDER SUBSECTION (C) OR (D) OF THIS SECTION, THE COURT SHALL MAY ORDER THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC 3 4 SAFETY-AND CORRECTIONAL SERVICES TO EVALUATE THE DEFENDANT FOR DRUG DEPENDENCE AND PROVIDE AN ASSESSMENT TO DETERMINE WHETHER THE 5 6 DEFENDANT IS IN NEED OF AND MAY BENEFIT FROM DRUG TREATMENT HEALTH 7 AND MENTAL HYGIENE OR A CERTIFIED AND LICENSED DESIGNEE TO CONDUCT AN ASSESSMENT OF THE DEFENDANT FOR SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER AND DETERMINE 8 WHETHER THE DEFENDANT IS IN NEED OF AND MAY BENEFIT FROM DRUG 9 10 TREATMENT.
- THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY AND CORRECTIONAL 11 SERVICES SHALL CONDUCT AN EVALUATION OF THE DEFENDANT AND PROVIDE AN 12 13 ASSESSMENT ON RECEIVING AN ORDER UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE, OR THE 14 DESIGNEE, SHALL CONDUCT AN ASSESSMENT OF THE DEFENDANT FOR SUBSTANCE 15 USE DISORDER AND PROVIDE THE RESULTS TO THE COURT, THE DEFENDANT OR 16 THE DEFENDANT'S ATTORNEY, AND THE STATE IDENTIFYING THE DEFENDANT'S 17 18 DRUG TREATMENT NEEDS.
- 19 (3) THE COURT SHALL CONSIDER AND INCORPORATE THE RESULTS
  20 OF THE AN ASSESSMENT PERFORMED IN PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION INTO
  21 WHEN IMPOSING THE DEFENDANT'S SENTENCE AND:
- 22 (I) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH IF THE COURT FINDS THAT THE DEFENDANT IS NOT AN A IMMINENT 23RISK TO PUBLIC SAFETY, THE COURT SHALL SUSPEND THE EXECUTION OF THE 2425SENTENCE AND ORDER PROBATION AND, IF THE ASSESSMENT SHOWS THAT THE 26 DEFENDANT IS IN NEED OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT, REQUIRE THE DIVISION 27 OF PAROLE AND PROBATION TO PROVIDE APPROPRIATE TREATMENT IN THE 28 COMMUNITY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE TO PROVIDE THE MEDICALLY APPROPRIATE LEVEL OF TREATMENT AS IDENTIFIED IN THE 29 30 ASSESSMENT; OR
- (II) IF THE COURT FINDS THAT THE DEFENDANT POSES AN A

  HMMINENT RISK TO PUBLIC SAFETY OR OTHERWISE FOR GOOD CAUSE, THE COURT

  MAY IMPOSE A TERM OF IMPRISONMENT UNDER SUBSECTION (C) OR (D) OF THIS

  SECTION AND ORDER THE DIVISION OF CORRECTION OR LOCAL CORRECTIONAL

  FACILITY TO PROVIDE FACILITATE THE MEDICALLY APPROPRIATE LEVEL OF

  TREATMENT FOR THE DEFENDANT AS IDENTIFIED IN THE ASSESSMENT.